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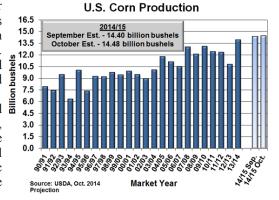
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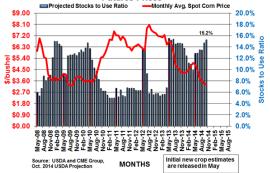
U.S. Corn Production Edges Higher

The USDA released the October Crop Production and WASDE reports following a quick \$0.30/bu rally in corn futures this week. The size of the U.S. corn crop was revised higher, but held in check by a reduction in harvested acreage.

U.S. corn production was estimated at 14.475 billion bushels by the USDA, rising 80 million bushels from the September estimate (+0.6%). National average yield was revised 2.5 bu/ac higher to 174.2, but harvested acreage was revised 742,000 acres lower. The agency cited the acreage change based on a review of all available data. The combination of larger beginning stocks (due mainly to reduced feed and residual usage for the 2013/14 market year) coupled with larger production pushed projected corn supply to 15.736 billion bushels, which was up 129 million bushels (+0.8%) compared to last month. The only change to the usage side of the 2014/15 balance sheet was feed and residual usage which



U.S. Corn Projected Stocks to Use Ratio and Spot Futures Prices



was revised 50

million bushels higher to 5.375 billion. Projected stocks to use increased from last month's 14.7 percent to 15.2 percent. October stocks to use levels are exceeding 15 percent for the first time since the 2007/08 marketing year.

Trade expectations for larger production estimates have been accurate up to this point, however, the risk of corn production being revised sharply higher (by 200-500 million bushels) from current levels should now be reduced dramatically. Therefore, the usage side of the balance sheet will soon begin to draw more market interest.

Bottom Line: Projected U.S. corn stocks to use rose to 15.2 percent – remaining in the expected range of 14 to 16 percent through next spring. Spot futures are expected to find support in the \$3.25-\$3.35/bu range with major resistance in the \$4.00 to \$4.20/bu. range basis the December 2014 and March/May 2015 contracts. Corn futures managed to close on top of the downtrend that has been in place since the spring highs. However, until the market can close on top of key moving averages such as the 40-day, a re-test of recent lows remains possible. *Chad Spearman*

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Market Highlights

The fed cattle market in the South was at \$164 this week which was \$2 higher compared to last week. Limited test in the North had trade at \$258 in the beef which is \$4 to \$6 higher than last week. Live cattle in the North have seen light trade at \$164 with a higher market tone noted for the rest of the showlist. Boxed beef prices were significantly higher this week as tight supplies and higher asking prices supported the price gains. Feeder cattle were steady to \$5 higher. Calves were \$3 to \$5 higher this week. Slaughter cows were weak to \$2 lower as there has been a slight increase in slaughter cow supply. The USDA's October Crop Production report revised the yield higher to 174.2 bushels/acre, increasing the stocks-to-use ratio to 15.2 percent. Corn traded mostly higher for the week, weakening late as rumors of a higher yield were passed around.



Very current

Current

Caution

Uncurrent

Steer carcass weights are up 4 pounds at 893 pounds and are 26 pounds above last year.



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Fed-Cattle Outlook

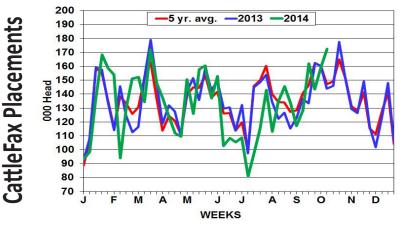
Tight Supplies Ahead

In CattleFax data the placed against supply of fed cattle is very tight through the remainder of 2014. Yes the carryover has grown and carcass weights are record large. But, the combination of the tighter fed supplies and substantially lower cow slaughter levels will leave beef production down nearly 7 percent through the end of the year. The supply side fundamentals remain very friendly for cattle prices on into 2015. Volatility in both the cash and futures will continue moving forward as the market digests a rapidly changing supply environment. Increasing supplies of both pork and poultry will be noted moving forward, leading to increasing total meat supplies in 2015. This, at some point, will be a price limiting factor.

Next Week: Fed supplies will be even to smaller. The beef complex will trade firmer. Market volatility will continue. Fed cattle prices are expected to trade in the low to mid \$160's.

Late October-December: Seasonal and historically tight fed cattle supplies are expected. The amount of cattle that are contracted against this timeframe will be record large as packers attempt to secure their kill needs. Seasonally, as cow slaughter levels increase, the 90 percent beef trim market weakens. But, the rib market improves going into the late year holidays allowing the beef complex to strengthen. Supply/demand fundamentals suggest the fed market will trade

Projected Fed-Cattle Marketings (000 Head) 10-Oct-2014													
Adj. Wk P	iy laced	Pre	Mο	Begi	n	Мо	Car	rv-	Net		Avq	% c	of
	gainstC										ments Yr Ago		
OCT	759		198	125		825		38	4.6		125	96	
NOV	632		195	–	7			45		3	119	9	
	663 674		533 146	119 112		810 753		36 36	4.4		128 125	9	
FEB	700		123		3			38	4.0		128	91 96	
MAR	693		142	113		787		34	4.4		125	9	
				С	attle	Fax S	hipm	ents					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct		Nov	Dec
						y Tota	•	,					
2013		538									2012		
2014	605	534	553		586					226	2013	516	596
2013	1/18	128	135		екіу / 139	Avera و 150				130	12012	127	146
2013		133	132	134		149		142			2012		142
14%13		104	98	109	100	99		97	86		13%12	102	97
14%5Yr	101	96	103	105	99	101	89	96	89	109	13%5Yr	102	100
				Сс	attleF	ax Pl	acen	nent	S				
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct		Nov	Dec
					•	y Tota		_					
2013		504	614			523					2012		580
2014	605	529	635			494				270	2013	576	541
2042	404	100	440		•	Averaç	•		,	4501	10040	407	445
2013 2014		120 132	146 151	121 123	156 153	131 118	136 113		144 146		2012 2013	144	145 129
14%13	105	110	103	102	98	90		100	101		13%12	113	89
14%5Yr	107	99	108		102	97	81	89	91		13%5Yr		



between the upper \$150's and the upper \$160's.

January-February: Placed against fed supplies are larger than year-ago levels. The carryover moving through the fourth quarter will need to be watched closely as it will affect the leverage/bargaining position in early 2015. Carcass weights are expected to remain historically large. Seasonally beef demand/usage softens after the year-end holidays as consumers pay off holiday bills as well as seasonally-larger heating bills. The price relationship between beef and competitive meats will need to be watched closely. Look for the cash market to soften, although as always winter weather could be a price altering factor. Kevin Good

Contract and Formula Cattle 10-Oct-2014

	Scheduled in October	Shipped in October	Scheduled in November	Scheduled in December
Kansas	200,000	80,000	200,000	195,000
Texas	300,000	121,500	255,000	255,000
Colorado	80,000	36,000	75,000	75,000
Nebraska	200,000	80,000	200,000	195,000
Totals	780,000	317,500	730,000	720,000
Basis Bids	November	Dece	ember	January
Steers	even to \$2 over	even to	\$2 over even	to \$1.50 over
Heifers	even to \$2 over	ever to	\$2 over even	to \$1.50 over

Asking Prices Sharply Higher

Choice boxed beef values gained \$8.61 this week; Selects were quoted \$7.52 higher over the same period. Sellers responded to the higher fed cattle market of a week ago by raising asking prices sharply on Monday, attempting to make up for lost margin.



Beef

Even with asking prices higher and the threat of tighter offerings ahead, many buyers remain in a hand to mouth mode, quoting readily available pork and poultry supplies and difficulty selling beef at the retail counter at current price levels. With the weather cooling now and less excess beef around, sellers should be able to continue forcing the cut-out higher over the next 60 days.

Next Week: Asking prices will remain firm and supplies are likely to be modestly lower resulting in a higher cutout again. Look for Choice boxes to trade between \$247 to \$252, Selects from \$234 to \$239.

Duane Leny

Fed Cattle Prices 10-Oct-2014

	Live Steers	Hot-Wgt Prices	Live Heifers	Hot-Wgt Prices	Trade Volume	Contract Formula
PANH	164	N.T.	164	N.T.	76,500	99%
KS	164	N.T.	164	N.T.	60,000	83%
NE	164-165	257-258	164-165	257-258	85,000	70%
CO*	164	N.T.	164	N.T.	23,000	99%
CB	162-165	256-260	162-165	256-260	33,000	0%
PNW*	N.T	N.T.	N.T	N.T.	0	0%
SW	N.T	N.T.	N.T	N.T.	0	0%

Price ranges reflect the last best test for average choice to high quality cattle. *Includes all reported Canadian Imports

Feeder – Fed Spread Weaken Amidst Higher Corn?

534,282

13-YTD

627,516

532,107

14-YTD

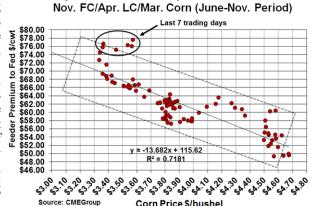
720,023

Feeder Cattle Outlook

How high are these feeders going to go? It seems like that However, these question arises on a daily basis as it appears as they have no topside. With that being said feeder cattle have traded, for the most part, within a range as defined by the deferred live cattle and corn futures. Looking at the November feeder cattle, March corn and April fed cattle relationship since June; there has only been five days in which the spread between feeder and fed cattle when taking corn into consideration has been outside of the normal trading range.

			D	l' D'	C I		
			s: Representa				
Area	# Hd.	Wt.	Breed Type	Price	Del.		
CENT	RAL	S	TEERS				
TX	200	765 (Choice English X	231.00	NOV		
TX	150	760 (Choice English X	227.00	DEC		
TX	150	760 (CH Eng - DEL	228.50	NOV		
TX	1,500	650 (CH #1 Okies	241.00	DEC		
CO	200	490 (Choice English X	320.00	NOV		
IA	100	625 (Choice English X	267.50	IMM		
SD	225	950 (Choice English X	218.15	IMM		
CO	450	890 (Choice English X	224.00	IMM		
NM	500	750 (Choice English X	238.00	IMM		
CENT	RAL	HI	EIFERS				
TX	500	650 (Choice English X	224.35	DEC		
TX	150	700 (Choice English X	219.75	DEC		
TX	400	710		220.15	DEC		
ND	150	450 (Choice English X	315.00	IMM		
MT	100		Choice English X	315.00	NOV		
SD	100		Choice English X	275.00	IMM		
CO	150	725 (CH Eng - DEL	233.00	IMM		
SOUT	H	_	TEERS				
GA	300		Choice English X	250.00	IMM		
GA	200		Choice English X	234.00	IMM		
GA	200	850 (Choice English X	216.00	IMM		
SOUT	H		EIFERS				
GA	250		Choice English X	229.00	IMM		
GA	200		Choice English X	217.00	IMM		
GA	150	800 (Choice English X	204.00	IMM		
	Live C	attle Impor	ts, Year-to-D	ate Totals			
		27-Sep-14	14-YTD	13-YT	D		
Cana		•					
Feeders		12,542	290,538	209,83	209,832		

ratios are becoming stretched as corn has broken above its five month downward trend recently. With the U.S. corn stocks to use levels expected to range from 14-16 percent through the spring of the year, barring any yield surprises, corn is expected to find support near \$3.30/ bu and resistance in



Daily Feeder/Fed Dollar Spread and Corn Price-

the \$4.00 to \$4.20/bu range basis the March/May 2015 contracts. Recently, feeder cattle have stop gaining ground on fed cattle but rather maintained their spread over fed cattle even as corn has increased in value recently, as shown by the oval on the chart. As feeder cattle maintain the same spread even as corn prices increase it extends feeder cattle into an extreme ratio, stretching the feeder cattle market's rubberband. This poses the question of whether or not feeder cattle will follow the trend or if we have broken trend and feeder cattle will continue to trade at lofty levels regardless of corn prices. If the trend remains true then we will see the spread narrow, feeder cattle will still trade based off of the deferred fed cattle market but they will gain slower and break faster as the fed cattle market moves up and down. With the feeder/fed spread at such extreme levels, do not expect the spread to continue to show feeder cattle outgaining live cattle. Protection of equity in feeder cattle remains the top priority, the use of a balanced risk management strategy can provide adequate margin protection.

Bottom Line: If corn continues on its upward trend expect feeder cattle to break faster and gain slower as fed cattle volatility continues. Adding risk protection during times of lofty ratios is well-advised as corrections can be swift and violent. Ethan Oberst

Feeder Cattle Prices Sponsored by:

Feeder Cattle Price 10-Oct-2014

15,821

04-Oct-14

15,276

Slaughter

Mexico

									_											
		Wes	t & I	Nort	hwe	st				Cen	tral					ļ	Sout	thea	st	
						WA/OR														
	co	MT/WY	CA	NV/UT	AZ/NM	/ID		TX	KS/MO	ND/SD	NE	oĸ	IA		AL	AR	FL	GA	LA/MS	KY/TN
wts	STE	ER					wts	STE	ΞR					wts	STE	ΞR				
9-10	217-221	216-222	211-216	210-216	209-215	210-217	9-10	214-218	212-222	224-228	216-220	218-222	215-219	9-10	208-212	211-215	204-208	208-212	208-212	211-215
8-9	234-240	232-239	223-228	221-227	222-237	220-227	8-9	231-235	229-238	236-240	224-229	234-238	225-230	8-9	214-218	217-221	210-214	214-218	214-218	221-225
7-8	252-257	248-255	236-242	235-242	235-254	235-243	7-8	241-246	239-253	241-248	240-246	248-253	241-247	7-8	231-236	239-244	228-233	231-236	231-236	240-245
6-7	261-268	259-267	256-265	255-264	254-266	254-265	6-7	244-251	253-262	248-256	250-257	253-260	252-259	6-7	245-252	246-253	242-249	245-252	245-252	243-250
5-6	287-297	285-295	274-285	273-286	272-290	274-287	5-6	266-276	270-286	287-297	288-298	276-286	285-295	5-6	249-259	262-272	248-258	251-261	250-260	257-267
4-5	330-345	334-350	310-322	309-323	308-345	308-324	4-5	298-310	296-315	342-357	340-355	302-314	337-352	4-5	275-287	298-310	280-292	283-295	278-290	280-292
	HEIF	ER						HEIF	ER						HEIF	ER				
8-9	220-224	222-227	212-217	210-216	211-222	208-216	8-9	208-212	208-224	224-229	218-222	210-214	220-224	8-9	200-204	200-204	196-200	200-204	200-204	203-207
7-8	229-234	231-237	225-231	224-230	224-232	222-231	7-8	220-225	222-236	235-239	224-228	231-236	225-229	7-8	213-218	215-220	210-215	213-218	213-218	220-225
6-7	242-249	239-248	239-248	238-249	237-246	238-250	6-7	233-240	233-243	239-246	247-254	259-246	245-253	6-7	226-233	226-233	222-229	225-232	226-233	223-230
5-6	276-286	274-285	258-269	255-268	256-280	253-267	5-6	243-253	244-264	265-275	265-275	245-255	260-270	5-6	225-235	240-250	224-234	227-237	233-243	231-241
4-5	300-315	300-320	287-299	286-300	285-315	286-301	4-5	270-282	267-300	295-310	290-305	271-283	291-306	4-5	244-256	263-275	248-260	252-264	242-254	241-253
	COV	VS						COM	IS						COM	IS				
util	100-110	98-126	113-121	110-118	101-119	108-120	util	113-120	108-119	114-124	115-125	114-122	116-126	util	105-115	104-114	107-115	108-116	102-112	107-112
cn/cut	96-106	94-115	105-113	100-110	98-118	97-112	cn/cut	108-114	99-114	109-119	104-114	104-112	107-117	cn/cut	99-104	101-108	103-108	104-109	95-105	102-108
bulls	120-130	120-132	125-138	124-137	115-136	119-140	bulls	127-137	127-140	120-130	139-149	135-145	137-147	bulls	121-131	124-134	129-136	130-137	126-136	124-133
		- Feede										ded fron							tradeo	-
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Fed Market Humbling

Over the past 60 days the fed cattle market has remained far better supported than CattleFax expected. Over this same timeframe per capita net beef supplies have been very close to what CattleFax was forecasting. This leads to two potential conclusions as to why the CattleFax price outlook was too negative. First is that given the relatively correct supply forecast, higher prices than expected means demand has been much stronger than anticipated. Looking at estimated July/August fed demand up 19 percent versus last year and September/October fed demand on pace to be up more than 20 percent is much stronger than expected given the somewhat stale growth in the U.S. economy. A second reason explaining the higher than forecast market given the mostly on track supply forecast is a possible misinterpretation of how significant the supply decline would be to the market. Not only has the absolute number of pounds of beef produced in July/ August/September been historically small, but the magnitude of the year-over-year decline has also been one of the largest in the last 30 years – it's very possible that such an extreme situation has had a much larger impact on the market than recent history would suggest coupled with the possible psychology of the market fearing a possible shortage of beef.

Bottom Line: 2014 has certainly thrown a number of curveballs in terms of analyzing the supply and demand fundamentals, but the overall seasonality of fed prices has actually remained mostly intact. From the summer low of \$143.63 in early June to this week's price near \$164, the market has increased 14 percent, which the long term average summer low to fourth quarter high is 13 percent. Whether or not this week's price will stand as the fall high this early in the fourth quarter remains to be seen, but since July the fed market has traded in a volatile range from \$153 to \$165. And if the cash fed market breaches the \$165 level, which has been tested twice already since July, then the market will likely accelerate higher in the fourth quarter. *Tod Kalow*

F.I. Slaughter Mix (000 head)

		Week	Ending	Year To Date					
	27-Sep	-2014	28-Sep-	2013	2014	2013	Pct Chg		
Total Sltr	573		62	5	22482	24014	DN 6.4		
	Pct	No	Pct	No					
Steers	51.7	296	49.4	309	11759	12067	DN 2.6		
Heifers	29.0	166	29.3	183	6285	6847	DN 8.2		
Cows	17.5	100	19.2	120	4027	4685	DN 14.0		
Bulls	1.9	11	1.9	12	411	413	DN 0.5		

Summary of Activity Sponsored by:





Summary of Activity	This Week 10-Oct-14	Last Week 3-Oct-14	Year Ago 11-Oct-13					
CattleFax Data								
Placements	172,497	159,734	143,781					
Shipments	143,665		125,294					
Avg In-Weights								
	747		737					
USDA Str Wgts	1,347		1,325					
USDA Str Carc Wgt*	893		867					
Days on Feed	150		161					
Carryover Pct	36		34					
Weekly Supply	429,400	444,200	416,200					
Percent Grade Choice & H		68.09	63.78					
Prime Grade Pct	4.38	4.38	3.23					
Choice Grade Pct	64.08	63.71	60.55					
Select Grade Pct	25.12	25.40	30.73					
Live Prices (\$/cwt)								
Slaughter Steers	164.09	161.46	127.88					
Steer Calf (450#)	317.10	312.01	193.87					
Steer Calf (550#)			176.12					
Yearling Steer (650#)	278.35 255.22 244.10	252.58	166.46					
Yearling Steer (750#)	244.10	238.50	162.92					
Yearling Steer (850#)	228.94	226.31	155.16					
Utility and Commercial Cov			78.65					
Canner and Cutter Cows	106.91	108.07	73.14					
Lean Hogs	107.93		.00					
Omaha Corn (\$/bu)	2.94	2.72	N/A					
12-City Broiler	108.18	108.33	.00					
Dollar Index	85.54	85.61	80.94					
Meat Prices (\$/cwt)	00.01	00.01	00.01					
Certified Angus Beef Cutou	# (LID) 251 04	247.21	200.03					
Choice Cutout	247.06		193.79					
Select Cutout	234.85 d 12.21		178.40 15.39					
Choice/Select Price Spread		231.31						
Cow Cutout	232.46							
Hide and Offal	16.37	16.45	13.58					
Pork Cutout	123.45	122.42	97.89					
Slaughter (000 hd) and Me			600.0					
Cattle	562.0	582.0	609.0					
Hogs	2,136.0		2,280.0					
Total Red Meat Production	918.1 460.2 453.6	924.3	N/A					
Beef Production	460.2	476.4						
Pork Production	453.6	443.4						
Poultry Production	N/A		782.9					
	CME AVG	6 STATE FED	KS-TX-OK					
	FDR PRICE	STR PRICE**	FED STR**					
Thu 10/09	N/A	162.05	162.21					
Wed 10/08	238.72	161.63	161.81					
Tue 10/07	238.01	161.63 161.63	161.81					
Mon 10/06	237.57	161.63	161.81					
Fri 10/03	236.91	161.63	161.81					
* USDA steer carcass weights	are actual from tv	vo weeks ago.						
** 5-Day weighted average fed steer price (CO,IA,KS,NE,TX,OK), (KS,TX,OK)								